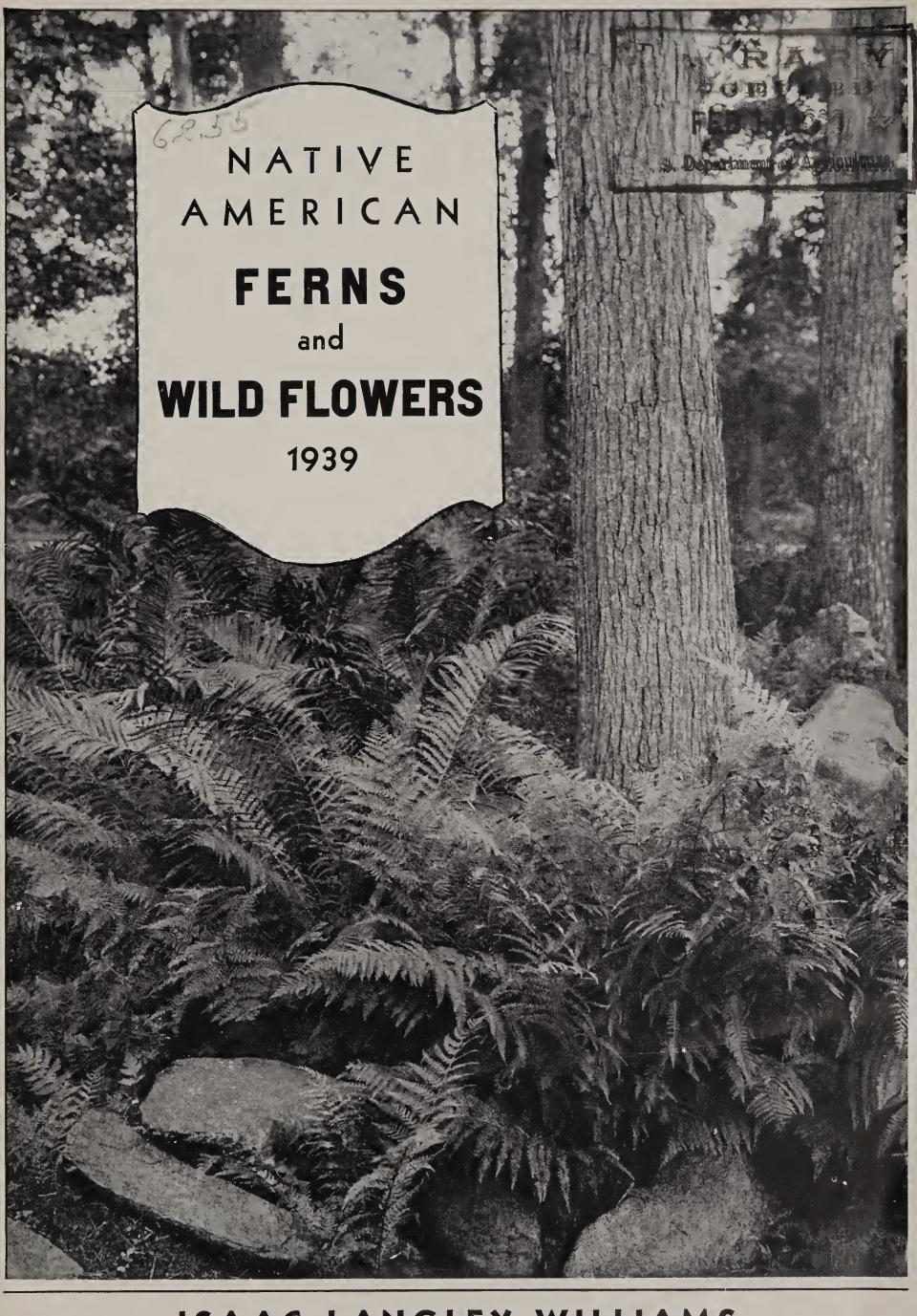
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS

Exeter Wild Flower Gardens

EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

INTRODUCTION

HERE at Exeter we have the largest shade houses devoted exclusively to the growing of Wild Flowers and Ferns in this country. We have over 300 species of selected Wild Flowers and Ferns growing under conditions favorable to the development of plants which can be transplanted to your garden successfully. The requirements of each species have been studied over a period of years, and those conditions necessary for producing specimen plants are carefully complied with.

The Exeter Wild Flower Gardens are located on the Newmarket Road, 1½ miles from Exeter. To reach us, drive through the Swasey Memorial Parkway, and go straight ahead on the Newmarket Road. After you pass under a railroad bridge, a Dutch Colonial brick house may be seen at the top of a hill. Look for the sign at the entrance. Visitors are always welcome.

Polystichum acrostichoides Christmas Fern. See page 5.

HOW TO ORDER WILD FLOWERS

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS. Please state how you wish your order shipped. If no instructions are sent by a customer, we will use our best judgment, but will not be responsible for delay in transit.

PRICES. All prices are for plants f.o.b. Exeter, transportation charges to be paid by the purchaser. Six plants of one kind will be sold at the dozen rate, fifty plants at the hundred rate. If a single plant of one kind is desired, take one-third of the rate given for three and add 5 cents. Leafmold and Pine Needles cannot be shipped by Parcel Post.

DISCOUNT. All orders accompanied by full amount in cash, and received not later than March 15, are subject to a 10 per TERMS. All orders should be accompanied by full amount in cash, check, or money order.

CLAIMS. When the plants are received, examine carefully and, if damaged in transit, notify the transportation company at once, entering claim with them for the amount of the damage. We are not responsible for damage in transit, but if the plants are unsatisfactory through fault of ours, notify us at once, and we will either replace or refund your money. Any complaint regarding the quality of the plants must be made within 10 days of receipt of plants.

GUARANTEE. All plants are guaranteed true to name and free from disease. Each shipment will be accompanied by a Certificate of Inspection.

EXETER WILD FLOWER GARDENS

ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS, Owner EXETER . NEW HAMPSHIRE

Hardy Native Ferns

The Ferns are one of our most useful groups of plants. They grow best in shady locations but some will thrive in full sun. The following Ferns are strong, clumpy plants and include the best varieties for general use.

ADIANTUM pedatum. American Maidenhair Fern. 2 ft. 3 Deciduous. Beautiful, feathery fronds on black stems.	•	2	100
Shade\$0	30 \$2	00	\$12 00
ASPLENIUM platyneuron. Ebony Spleenwort. 6 to 12 in. Evergreen. Grows among the shaded rocks	75 2	50	15 00
Daintiest of the Ferns. Grows in clefts in the rocks	75 2	50	15 00
ATHYRIUM filixfemina. Lady Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Deciduous. One of the easiest to grow in partial shade or full sun pycnocarpon. Narrowleaf Spleenwort. 2 to 3 ft. Decidu-	60 2	00	10 00
	75 2	50	18 00
	75 2	50	15 00
BOTRYCHIUM virginianum. Rattlesnake Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Deciduous. For open woods	75 2	50	15 00
CAMPTOSORUS rhizophyllus. Walking Fern. Evergreen. Fronds 4 to 10 inches high that taper at the end and root from these tips. Grows on limestone cliffs. Shade	75 2	50	15 00
CYSTOPTERIS bulbifera. Berry Bladderfern. 1 to 2 ft. Deciduous. Slender, graceful species that prefers a moist			
fragilis. Fragile Bladderfern. 1 ft. Deciduous. Graceful,		50 50	15 00 15 00
DENNSTÆDTIA punctilobula. Hayscented Fern. 2 ft. Deciduous. Graceful fronds that form a dense mat as this species spreads from the roots. Sun or shade.	10 2	30	10 00
Strong clumps		50	10 00
Square-foot sods	50 4	00	30 00
DIIFCTION A 12 Asplenium platyneuron. Ebony Sple	enwort		\$2 50

COLLECTION A Ferns for a shady

Ferns for a shady rockery

12 Asplenium platyneuron. Ebony Spleenwort	\$2	50
12 Asplenium trichomanes. Maidenhair Spleenwort	2	50
12 Camptosorus rhizophyllus. Walking Fern	2	50
12 Polypodium vulgare. Common Polypody	1	75
48 Ferns	\$9	25

This Collection for \$8.00 or half the Collection for \$4.25

Trilliums seem to belong with ferns in shady nooks because they call our attention to the magic beauty of the unfolding fern fronds. We are made conscious of the many curiously formed patterns which our wood ferns assume as they reach up for their share of the subdued lights in shady places.





Pteretis nodulosa (Ostrich Fern). See page 5

HARDY NATIVE FERNS, continued

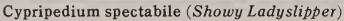
DRYOPTERIS clintoniana. Clinton Wood Fern. 2 to 3 ft. 3 Evergreen. A large species suitable for moist woods\$0 75	\$2 ¹² 5	
cristata. Crested Wood Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. A		
smaller edition of the above that grows on the hummocks in grassy bogs	2 0	0 12 00
dilatata. Mountain Wood Fern. 2 ft. Evergreen. Found on	_ ~	· 12 00
high mountain peaks. Shade90	3 0	0 20 00
filix-mas. Male Fern. 2 to 3 ft. A rare species that grows among rocks. Almost evergreen. Shade	5 0	0
goldiana. Goldie Fern. 3 to 4 ft. The largest of the Wood Ferns. It grows in rich, moist woods. Deciduous 1 00	3 5	0 25 00
hexagonoptera. Winged Wood Fern. 1 ft. Deciduous.	00	20 00
Fronds are nearly as broad as tall. Shade 1 00	3 0	0
linnæana. Oak Fern. 4 to 6 in. Deciduous. A tiny, graceful species with triangular fronds and black stems. Shade. 60	2 0	0 12 00
marginalis. Leather Wood Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Evergreen. Dark green. One of the best Wood Ferns. Grows in rocky woods. 60	2 0	0 12 00
noveboracensis. New York Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Deciduous. Makes a good ground-cover in shade	2 0	0 12 00
phegopteris. Narrow Beech Fern. 6 to 12 in. Deciduous. Will spread to cover a brookside bank	2 0	0 12 00
spinulosa. Toothed Wood Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Evergreen. Graceful fronds much used by florists. Shade 60	2 0	0 12 00
thelypteris. Marsh Fern. 8 to 12 in. Grows in marshes in either sun or shade. Deciduous	2 0	0 12 00
LYGODIUM palmatum. Hartford or Climbing Fern. 3 to		0 12 00
4 ft. Deciduous. A rare climbing species. Acid soil 1 50	5 0	0
ONOCLEA sensibilis. Sensitive Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Deciduous. Grows to more than 2 feet in bogs. Sun or shade 60	15	0 10 00
OPHIOGLOSSUM vulgatum. Adderstongue. 6 in. A small		
Fern that grows in the open in damp meadows 75	2 5	0 18 00

HARDY NATIVE FERNS, continued				
OSMUNDA cinnamomea. Cinnamon Fern. 3 to 4 ft. Deciduous. Grows luxuriantly along our roadsides and in damp	12	}	100	
woods\$0 75 claytoniana. Interrupted Fern. 3 to 4 ft. Deciduous. Does	\$2	50	\$15 00	
well in either sun or shade	2	50	15 00	
beautiful Ferns that grows well in either sun or shade 75	2	50	15 00	
PELLÆA atropurpurea. Purple Cliff Brake. 6 to 12 in. A native of sunny clefts in limestone ledges. Dark purple stems with bluish green fronds. Rare	5	00		
POLYPODIUM vulgare. Common Polypody. 6 in. Evergreen. Grows in mats on rocks in shade or partial shade 60	1	75	12 00	
POLYSTICHUM acrostichoides. Christmas Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. Grows well in any fairly rich woods 60 brauni. Braun Hollyfern. 2 ft. A native of the deep, rich	2	00	12 00	
rocky woods. Rare 1 00	3	00	20 00	
PTERETIS nodulosa. Ostrich Fern. 4 to 6 ft. Grows along banks of streams and wet runs. Sun or shade. Deciduous. 75	2	50	15 00	
PTERIDIUM aquilinum. Bracken. 2 to 3 ft. Grows in full sun in dry, sandy soil. Deciduous	2	00	10 00	
WOODSIA ilvensis. Rusty Woodsia. 6 in. Grows in crevices on ledges in full sun or partial shade. Deciduous 60 obtusa. Common Woodsia. 8 to 12 in. Suitable for shaded rocks. Deciduous 60		00	12 00 12 00	
WOODWARDIA areolata. Chain Fern. 1 to 2 ft. For moist soil. Spores resemble chain-links. Deciduous 60 virginica. Virginia Chain Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Grows in swamps	2	00	15 00	
and bogs around shores of ponds. Deciduous 60	2	00	12 00	
COLLECTION B. Ferns for a shady place 18 Adiantum pedatum. American Maidenhair Fern				
12 Osmunda cinnamomea. Cinnamon Fern		. 2	2 50 2 50 3 00	
96 Ferns			7 00	
This Collection for \$15.00 or half the Collection for \$8.00				



Adiantum pedatum (American Maidenhair Fern). See page 3







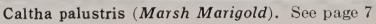
Cypripedium pubescens

Hardy Native Orchids

CALOPOGON pulchellus. Grass-Pink Orchid. 1 ft. Deep 3 pink Orchid that grows in bogs and wet places. June\$0 78	5 \$2 50	\$15 00
CALYPSO bulbosa. 3 to 6 in. Variegated pink, purple, and yellow. Acid soil. May, June. Moist shade. Excellent for the moist, shady rock-garden	0 3 00	
CYPRIPEDIUM acaule. Pink Moccasin Flower. 1 ft. This large-flowered Ladyslipper grows best in pine woods but grows well in hard woods if the soil is acid. May, June 74	5 2 50	15 00
acaule alba. White Moccasin Flower. 1 ft. The rare snow-white Cypripedium acaule. Requires acid soil. \$1.00 each 3 00	0 10 00	
arietinum. Ramshead Ladyslipper. 6 in. A beautiful rare pink and white Ladyslipper. May \$1.00 each 3 0	0 10 00	
candidum. White Ladyslipper. 6 to 12 in. Tiny white slippers. Grows in a neutral to alkaline soil and needs constant moisture and open shade. May\$1.00 each 3 00	0 10 00	
montanum. Mountain Ladyslipper. 1 to 2 ft. White sacs, brownish sepals. June. Shade. Large, fragrant blossoms with odor of vanilla	0 7 00	
pubescens. Yellow Ladyslipper. 1 to 2 ft. Pure yellow blossoms sometimes with purple lines. May, June. Shade. 96	0 3 00	20 00
spectabile. Showy Ladyslipper. 1 to 3 ft. The largest and most showy of our native Orchids. Pink and white flowers in June. Requires moist shade	0 3 00	20 00

HARDY NATIVE ORCHIDS, continued			
GOODYERA pubescens. Rattlesnake Plantain. White blossoms on 1-foot spikes. The white-veined, nearly prostrate leaves make this plant very desirable. Blooms in August	3	12	100
in the pine woods\$0	60	\$2 00	\$12 00
HABENARIA blephariglottis. White Fringe-Orchid. Fragrant white fringed blossoms on 2-foot stalks in early	50	. 5 00	
August in wet bogs		5 00	
August on 1 to 2-foot stems in wet meadows		3 50	25 00
that blossoms in June		5 00 3 50	25 00
hookeri. Hooker Orchid. 8 to 15 in. Flowers yellowish green. It has two large basal leaves of shining green.			_0 00
Blossoms in late June	50	5 00	
moist fields. It has greenish yellow flowers. July orbiculata. Large Round-leaved Orchid. 1 ft. This Habenaria has two enormous basal leaves 4 to 7 inches in diameter, shining above, silvery beneath. Flowers greenish white	60	2 00	15 00
in July or August	50	5 00	
psycodes. Small Purple Fringe-Orchid. 1 to 2 ft. Grows somewhat smaller than the Fimbriata and has paler blossoms. Grows in shady bogs. July, August	. 00	3 50	25 00
LIPARIS liliifolia. Lily Twayblade. 6 to 8 in. A small Orchid of the swamps, with delicate orchid-colored blossoms in June and July	00	3 00	
ORCHIS spectabilis. A 6-inch Showy Orchis, with white and lavender-pink, fragrant blossoms. Grows well in the rich, shady woods. June	00	3 50	25 00
POGONIA ophioglossoides. Rose Pogonia. This 10-inch Orchid grows in sphagnum and cranberry bogs. Fragrant, pale rose-color flowers in June and July	75	2 50	15 00
SPIRANTHES cernua. Nodding Ladies-tresses. Fall-blooming Orchid of our fields and meadows that has fragrant white	10	2 30	13 00
flowers on 8-inch, twisted spikes. August, September 1 gracilis. Slender Ladies-tresses. A more slender species that	. 00	3 00	20 00
grows in dry fields and open woods	. 00	3 00	
Hardy Native Aquatic and Bog-	Pla	ants	
ACORUS calamus. Sweetflag. 2 to 3 ft. Desirable for boggardens\$0		\$2 00	\$10 00
ASCLEPIAS incarnata. Swamp Milkweed. 3 ft. Beautiful reddish flowers for the bog-garden or brookside. July	75	2 50	15 00
CALLA palustris. Wild Calla. 6 in. This white Calla blossoms in May in our shady bogs	60	2 00	10 00
CALTHA palustris. Marsh Marigold. 6 to 12 in. April	60	1 50	10 00
CHELONE glabra. White Turtlehead. 2 to 3 ft. White, snap-dragon-like flowers in August in either sun or shade in moist bogs or along brooksides	60	2 00	12 00
DIONÆA muscipula. Venus Flytrap. A peculiar little plant that captures flies and other insects for a living	00	3 50	







Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). See page 12

HARDY NATIVE AQUATIC and BOG-PLANTS, continued

IRIS prismatica. Cubeseed Iris. 1 to 1½ ft. Blue flowers on grass-like foliage in damp meadows. June\$0	3 50	\$1 ¹² 50	100 \$10 00
versicolor. Blueflag Iris. 1 to 2 ft. The native Blueflag needed in every bog or brookside garden. June	50	1 50	10 00
LYTHRUM salicaria. Purple Loosestrife. Grows 2 to 4 feet tall, with brilliant purple spikes of flowers, along our brooks and ponds. July	60	1 75	12 00
MIMULUS ringens. Monkeyflower. 1 to 2 ft. A bog-plant that has blue monkey-like flowers in July	60	2 00	15 00
NUPHAR advena. Spatterdock or Cowlily. Yellow Cowlily that grows in ponds and quiet coves	75	2 50	15 00
NYMPHÆA odorata. White Waterlily. Our best Waterlily. Its fragrance and beauty cannot be adequately described. All summer	75	2 50	15 00
PELTANDRA virginica. Virginia Arrow-arum. This sphagnum bog-plant has bright green leaves 4 to 12 inches long	75	2 50	18 00
PONTEDERIA cordata. Pickerelweed. 2 to 3 ft. The blue flower-spikes appear in July. Plant grows in shallow water.	60	2 00	12 00
SAGITTARIA latifolia. Arrowhead. Grows in shallow water and has broad, arrow-shaped leaves. The white flowers appear in July on 2-foot stems	60	2 00	12 00
SARRACENIA flava. Trumpet Pitcherplant. 2 ft. This has elongated "pitchers." The flowers are yellow	75	2 50	18 00
purpurea. Pitcherplant. 1 to 1½ ft. The Red-flowered Pitcherplant of New England. "Pitchers" are filled with water which contains drowned insects. July	60	2 00	12 00
SPATHYEMA fœtida. Skunk Cabbage. The leaves of this plant are 1 to 3 feet long and often 1 foot wide. Its peculiar flowers come in early spring before the leaves open.	60	2 00	15 00
THALICTRUM polygamum. Tall Meadowrue. 4 ft. Grows in either sun or shade and has graceful, showy white flowers in July and August	60	2 00	12 00
TYPHA angustifolia. Narrowleaf Cattail. 4 to 6 ft. A narrow-leaved form of the Cattail that grows in salt marshes,		_ 00	
occurring rather rarely inland	75	2 50	15 00
different bog-plant	60	2 00	12 00
VERATRUM viride. American False Hellebore. 2 to 4 ft. Its broad bright green leaves are practically the first to appear in the spring along our brooks and runs	60	2 00	12 00

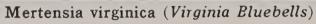
Hardy Native Lilies and Bulbous Plants

	3	1	2	100
form of Jack-in-the-Pulpit in that it has a long, tapering spadix\$0 triphyllum. Jack-in-the-Pulpit. 1 to 3 ft. Jack readily	60	\$2	00	\$12 00
makes himself at home in the wild garden in moist shade.	60	1	50	10 00
BRODIÆA coccinea. Floral Firecracker. 1 to 2 ft. April, May. Loose soil. Fiery red, tipped with yellow, green-yellow, and white. Exceptionally beautiful when combined with				
ferns. Will thrive in any soil with good drainage	50	1	50	
lactea. Cup-shaped. Milky white with green veins. Long lasting. One of the best	50	1	25	
CALOCHORTUS albus. Fairy Lantern. Pure white. April,				
May. Woodlands, either loose or heavy acid soil. Excellent for naturalizing	40	1	20	8 00
amabilis. Golden Globe Tulip. 15 in. Pure golden yellow. April, May. Drooping habit. Heavy or loose acid soil	40	1	20	8 00
venustus citrinus. Lemon Mariposa Tulip. June. Deep rich yellow, black eye. Same culture as Amabilis	40	1	20	8 00
venustus, El Dorado. 1 to 2 ft. Wide range of color. White through lilac to purple; shades of pink through claret. June. An excellent variety. Porous, sandy soil vesta. Full sun in heavy soil. The best of all varieties.	40	1	20	8 00
White flushed with lilac or rosy purple; red at center; backs of petals purple	50	1	50	10 00
CAMASSIA esculenta. Wild Hyacinth. 2 ft. Pink. April, May. Rich open shade. Very showy in masses	50	1	50	10 00
CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily-of-the-Valley. 4 to 8 in. Fragrant white flowers in May. A good ground-cover for a shady place	60	2	00	12 00
DICENTRA canadensis. Squirrelcorn. 6 to 12 in. An excellent rock-garden plant with white, heart-shaped flowers. Graceful, deeply cut foliage. April, May. Shade cucullaria. Dutchman's-Breeches. 6 to 12 in. Similar to	50	1	50	10 00
the Squirrelcorn except that the flowers remind one of a Dutchman's breeches. April, May. Shade	50	1	50	10 00



Orchis spectabilis. See page 7





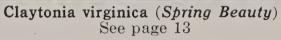


Trillium grandiflorum. See page 11

HARDY NATIVE LILIES and BULBOUS PLANTS	, cont	inued	
Dicentra eximia. Fringed Bleedingheart. 1 to 2 ft. Graceful,	3	12	100
fern-like foliage and pink flowers all summer. Needs partial shade\$	0 75	\$2 50	\$15 00
ERYTHRONIUM. Dogtooth Violet. May. Partial shade.			
albidum. White Troutlily. 4 to 6 in. A fine white form of Erythronium	50	1 50	10 00
americanum. Yellow Troutlily. 4 to 6 in. The Common Adders-Tongue of New England, with spotted leaves	50	1 50	10 00
californicum, White Beauty. Large, pure white flowers lightly tinged with cream, joined with maroon at base	50	1 50	10 00
citrinum. Almost pure white, lower third deep citron-yellow. One of the loveliest	50	1 50	10 00
grandiflorum robustum. Bright buttercup-yellow. Always attractive	50	1 50	10 00
hartwegi. Similar to Californicum, with more yellow in the blossoms. Withstands intense heat	50	1 50	10 00
hendersoni. Growing habit similar to Californicum. Color lovely light purple, centers deep maroon. Very attractive.	50	1 50	10 00
johnsoni. The most beautiful of all the Erythroniums. Exquisite rose-pink	50	1 50	10 00
revolutum. White, tinted lavender, deep lavender-pink, pink. Hardly two blossoms alike	50	1 50	10 00
revolutum, Pink Beauty. Deep lavender-pink. Very attractive	50	1 50	10 00
LILIUM canadense. Canada or Meadow Lily. 3 to 5 ft. Pale			
yellow to red blossoms in July in our meadows and along roadsides Excellent for planting in shrubbery	60	2 00	12 00
canadense flavum. Yellow Canada Lily	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 1 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00
carolinianum. Carolina Lily. 3 to 4 ft. An orange-red Lily	1 00	5 0U	
native to dry woods. July	1 00	3 50	
Open sun. July	1 50	5 00	
grayi. Gray's Lily. 2 to 3 ft. Small red mountain Lily from the highest peaks of North Carolina. July	1 00	3 50	
pardalinum. Leopard Bog Lily. 5 to 7 ft. Bright orange to deep orange-scarlet. Easily grown in fairly wet soil			
with good drainage and partial shade	1 50	5 00	
philadelphicum. Orangecup Lily. 2 ft. The exquisite red Lily that grows in dry woodlands and among the sweet			
ferns and blueberries. Needs an acid soil. July	60	2 00	12 00
superbum. Turkscap Lily. 4 to 6 ft. Orange-scarlet to red; spotted inside. July. Our easiest-grown native Lily	75	2 50	15 00
tigrinum. Old-fashioned Tiger Lily. Naturalized around old houses and deserted cellar-holes. July, August	60	2 00	12 00

HARDY NATIVE LILIES and BULBOUS PLANTS	, cor	tinued	
MERTENSIA virginica. Virginia Bluebells. 1½ ft. Our fast-	3	12	100
est selling native plant. Its nodding blue bells bloom pink and turn to the clearest blue. May. Strong bulbs\$0 Mammoth bulbs) 60 75	\$1 50 2 50	\$10 00 15 00
SANGUINARIA canadensis. Bloodroot. 6 in. Pure white flowers in April	50	1 50	10 00
TRILLIUM cernuum. Nodding Trillium. 1 ft. A nodding Trillium with white blossoms. May	75	2 50	18 00
erectum. Purple Trillium. 1 ft. One of the earliest Trilliums to blossom. May	50	1 50	10 00
flowers in early spring. Excellent for naturalizing under trees or in the garden. May	50	1 50	10 00
has large mottled leaves and yellow flowers in May in the shady border or woods	75	2 50	15 00
stems. April	60	2 00	15 00
purple	75	2 50	15 00
Easily grown in shade. May	50 60	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	10 00 15 00
of-the-valleystylosum. Rose Trillium. 12 to 15 in. Rosy pink flowers	75	2 50	15 00
in May	60	1 75	10 00
undulatum. Painted Trillium. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A white Trillium with deep pink markings. May	60	1 75	10 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants	rs		
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants	rs		
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$6	rs S	and	
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$0 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of	rs S	and	100
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$0 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in	rs 3 75	and 12 \$2 50	100 \$15 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$0 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of waxy white berries on red stems	rs 3 75	12 \$2 50 2 50	100 \$15 00 15 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$6 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of waxy white berries on red stems. rubra. Red Baneberry. 2 ft. Flowers white, followed by a cluster of bright red berries. Shade	rs 3 75 75	12 \$2 50 2 50 2 50	100 \$15 00 15 00 15 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$6 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of waxy white berries on red stems	rs 3 75 75 75	and 12 \$2 50 2 50 2 50 2 00 2 00 2 00	100 \$15 00 15 00 12 00 12 00 12 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade\$6 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of waxy white berries on red stems. rubra. Red Baneberry. 2 ft. Flowers white, followed by a cluster of bright red berries. Shade	rs 3 75 75 60 60 75	and 12 \$2 50 2 50 2 50 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 50	100 \$15 00 15 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 15 00
Hardy Native Wild Flowe Ground-Cover Plants ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial shade \$0 ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of waxy white berries on red stems	75 75 75 60 60	and 12 \$2 50 2 50 2 50 2 00 2 00 2 00	100 \$15 00 15 00 12 00 12 00 12 00







Iris cristata (Crested Iris). See page 16

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	VTS, co	ntinued
blue and white flowers. June	3 1 00	\$3 50	100
plant with its profusion of red and yellow flowers in May. Grows in either sun or shade	75 	2 50	\$15 00
all summer. Sun	7 5	2 50	15 00
ARALIA nudicaulis. Wild Sarsaparilla. 1 ft. Large blue berries in late summer, in shade	60	1 75	12 00
Red berries	90	3 00	
ARENARIA stricta. Sandwort. 5 to 10 in. White. Late summer. Excellent for the sunny rock-garden	75	2 50	
ARUNCUS sylvester. Goat's-beard. 3 to 7 ft. Blossoms white in large branched clusters. June. Shade	60	2 00	15 00
ASARUM canadense. Canada Wild Ginger. 3 to 6 in. A creeping plant with curious chocolate-brown blossoms hidden under the beautiful leaves. Good ground-cover plant in partial shade. Ginger-flavored root	60	1 50	10 00
virginicum. Heartleaf Wild Ginger. 3 to 6 in. Large, thick evergreen leaves. Shade	75	2 50	18 00
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterfly Weed. 1 ft. Gorgeous orange flowers in dry soil. Full sun. July and August	60	2 00	15 00
ASTER cordifolius. Heartleaved Aster. 1 to 3 ft. Lavender			
flowers in profusion in September and October. Frost-resistant ericoides. Heath Aster. 1 to 3 ft. Bears a profusion of	60	1 75	12 00
snow-white flowers in September	60	1 75	12 00
plant with violet flowers. Requires a sandy, acid soil novæ-angliæ. New England Aster. 3 to 7 ft. Gorgeous	60	1 75	12 00
royal purple blossoms from mid-August to late September novi-belgi. New York Aster. 3 to 5 ft. Violet-blue flowers	60	1 75	12 00
in profusion in September	60	1 75	12 00
flowers. Good for naturalizing in moist shade undulatus. Wave Aster. 2 ft. Violet-blue flowers in	60	1 75	12 00
September	60	1 75	12 00
blue. July, August. Worthy of a place in any garden bracteata. Cream Wild-indigo. Tall 1-foot racemes of pure	75	2 50	15 00
white. Prefers open, dry slopes. June	60	2 00	15 00



Cornus canadensis (Bunchberry)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued				
Baptisia leucantha. White Wild-indigo. 1 to 1½ ft. Full sun, in	3	12	100	
June	\$0 60	\$2 00	\$15 00	
late summer	60	2 00	15 00	
CALLIRHOE triangulata. Poppy-Mallow. 1½ to 2½ ft.				
Deep purple. Dry soil. August, September	60	2 00	15 00	
CAMPANULA rotundifolia. Bluebells of Scotland. 6 to 12 in.				
A pretty little plant especially suited for crevices in the rock-garden. Deep violet-blue flowers throughout the				
summer	75	2 50	15 00	
CASSIA marilandica. Wild Senna. 3 to 4 ft. Large, yellow,				
bell-shaped flowers in late summer	60	2 00	15 00	
CAULOPHYLLUM thalictroides. Blue Cohosh. 2 ft. New shoots are royal purple. Flowers greenish yellow, followed				
by blue berries that last all fall. Shade	60	1 50	10 00	
CHIMAPHILA maculata. Spotted Pipsissewa. 6 in. Waxy				
green leaves spotted with white. Flowers white. July	1 00	3 00		
umbellata. Common Pipsissewa. 6 in. Waxy green leaves. White flowers. Fine for shade. July	60	1 75	12 00	
CHIOGENES hispidula. Creeping Snowberry. A beautiful		2 .0	1- 00	
creeping evergreen vine with waxy white berries. Requires				
acid soil and thrives in moist shade on rotten logs or	90	3 00	20 00	
stumps. Potted plants	90	5 00	20 00	
In moist shade	60	2 00	12 00	
racemosa. Cohosh Bugbane. 3 to 5 ft. Tall white spikes	2.0	0.00	10.00	
in August in moist, partial shade CLAYTONIA virginica. Spring Beauty. 4 to 6 in. The deli-	60	2 00	12 00	
cate white flowers, striped with pink, come in earliest				
spring. Partial shade	50	1 20	8 00	
CLINTONIA borealis. Bluebead. 8 in. Glossy green, prostrate				
leaves and yellow, lily-like flowers followed by bright blue berries in late summer. Moist shade	50	1 50	10 00	
COPTIS trifolia. Goldthread. 2 to 3 in. A good ground-cover		_ 00		
in shade. Almost evergreen leaves with white blossoms	50	1 50	10.00	
in May	50	1 50	10 00	
cover for acid shade. White flowers, like flowering dog-				
wood, and bright red berries. May and June	60	2 00	15 00	



Dodecatheon meadia (Shooting Star)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
CORYDALIS glauca. Pale Corydalis. 2 ft. Pink, heart-shaped blossoms. Sun or shade. Biennial. Seeds freely\$6	3) 60	\$2 00	100 \$15 00
DALIBARDA repens. Dalibarda. 2 to 3 in. White. Creeping evergreen ground-cover. Shade. July	60	2 00	15 00
DELPHINIUM tricorne. Rock Larkspur. 1 ft. Dark blue. Open sun. June	60	1 75	12 00
DENTARIA diphylla. Crinkleroot. 6 to 9 in. White. April, May. Rich shade. Clusters of white blossoms with cut foliage	50	1 50	10 00
DESMODIUM canadense. Canada Tick-Trefoil. 2 to 6 ft. Purple flowers. Sandy loam. Sun or partial shade	60	1 75	12 00
DODECATHEON meadia. Shooting Star. Delightful white to pink blossoms on 1 to 2-foot stems. Sun or open woods.	60	2 00	12 00
DROSERA rotundifolia. Roundleaf Sundew. 4 in. White. July, August. Low-growing, red hairy foliage that sparkles in the open sun. Open sun in wet soil or wet sand.	50	1 50	10 00
ECHINACEA purpurea. Purple Coneflower. 2 ft. July. Open sun in common garden soil	75	2 50	15 00
EPIGÆA repens. Trailing Arbutus. The well-known May- flower with its delightful fragrance. It should be planted in acid soil. The soil under pine trees is ideal and the plants should be shaded with pine needles when planted. We have several thousand growing in our shade beds. Plants are shipped B.&B	50	5 00	35 00
EPILOBIUM angustifolium. Fireweed or Blooming Sally. 3 to 4 ft. Pink-purple. Sun. July	60	1 50	10 00
EUPATORIUM cœlestinum. Mistflower. 2 ft. Blue. Open	00	1 50	10 00
woods. August	60	2 00	15 00
perfoliatum. Boneset. 2 to 3 ft. White. Bogs	50	1 50	10 00
purpureum. Joe-pye-weed. 4 to 6 ft. Rosy purple. Bogs urticæfolium. Snow Thoroughwort. 2 to 3 ft. Broad flower-heads of pure white in August and September in	50	1 50	10 00
open, moist woods	60	1 75	12 00



Epigæa repens (Mayflower, or Trailing Arbutus). See page 14

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	VTS, co	ntinued
EUPHORBIA corollata. Flowering Spurge. 2 ft. White. July-September. Rich sandy soil. Very attractive. Open	3	12	100
$\operatorname{sun}\dots$ \$	0 60	\$1 75	\$12 00
FILIPENDULA rubra. Queen of the Prairie. Pink Spirea. 3 to 6 ft. Peach-pink. June, July. Open sun in common garden soil	75	2 50	15 00
GALAX aphylla. Galax. 1 ft. This plant prefers acid shade and has a 6-inch spike of white flowers in June. Evergreen leaves.	75	2 50	15 00
GAULTHERIA procumbens. Wintergreen. 2 to 6 in. An evergreen ground-cover with aromatic leaves. Bright red berries all winter. It grows in sun or partial shade and			
requires an acid soil	60	1 75	$12\ 00$
GENTIANA andrewsi. Closed Gentian. 1 to 1½ ft. The purple-blue flowers come in September. Easily grown in moist sun or shade	60	1 75	12 00
linearis. Narrowleaf Gentian. 1½ ft. A porcelain-blue Blind Gentian that blossoms in August	60	1 75	12 00
GERANIUM maculatum. Wild Geranium. 1 ft. A native of the woods and fields. Rose-purple blossoms in May and			
June	50	1 50	10 00
robertianum. Herb Robert. 1 ft. Native of the rocky woods, with a more intense pink blossom	50	1 50	10 00
GEUM rivale. Purple or Water Avens. 9 to 12 in. Purple. May–July. Open sun in damp locations. A very interesting plant because of its peculiar markings and blossoms	50	1 50	10 00
HELENIUM autumnale. Sneezeweed. 3 to 5 ft. August-October. Large clusters of brown, orange, and yellow flowers with brown discs. Requires moisture and open sun. Exceptionally good for autumn gardens	60	2 00	15 00
HELIANTHUS giganteus. Tall Sunflower. 4 to 6 ft. Yellow.	00	2 00	10 00
September, October. Full sun. Very good for a tall autumnal border	50	1 50	10 00



Hepatica triloba (Roundlobe Hepatica)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
HEPATICA acutiloba. Sharplobe Hepatica. 8 in. White to	3	12	100
purple blossoms in April. It is evergreen and requires some shade\$ triloba. Roundlobe Hepatica. 8 in. An acid-soil Hepatica	0 60	\$1 75	\$12 00
with white to blue flowers	60	1 75	12 00
HEUCHERA americana. American Alum-root. 1 to 2 ft. Large, beautifully mottled leaves and lacy greenish white		Q =0	
flowers in late June	75	2 50	15 00
plant with pale blue to white blossoms in the open sun or			
partial shade in April	50	1 20	8 00
with prominent yellow eye. Very good for the rock-garden. Either sun or shade. May. Potted plants. 30 cts. each	90		
serpyllifolia. Creeping Bluets. 3 to 6 in. Blue flowers all summer. A fine rock-garden plant	75	2 50	15 00
HYDRASTIS canadensis. Goldenseal. 1 to 1½ ft. A fine			
medicinal herb	60	2 00	15 00
White to violet shading to deep purple. Shade. Very good for the woodland path. May-August	50	1 50	10 00
HYPOXIS hirsuta. Yellow Stargrass. 4 to 6 in. Yellow. Open sun, or partial shade. Dry soil. An interesting plant	60	1 75	12 00
INULA helenium. Elecampane. 2 ft. Sunflower-like blossoms in midsummer in moist shade	60	9.00	15 00
IRIS cristata. Crested Iris. 4 in. A fine rock-garden plant in	60	2 00	15 00
either sun or shade. Sky-blue flowers. May	75	2 50	15 00
the gravelly shores of Lake Huron. Lilac-blue flowers in	3 00		
verna. Vernal Iris. Blue flowers on 4-inch stems in dry woods or the rock-garden. May	75	2 50	15 00
ISOPYRUM biternatum. False Rue Anemone. White. Moist,	70	2 30	19 00
shady places. Excellent for the woodland path. April, May	60	1 75	12 00
JEFFERSONIA diphylla. Twinleaf. White flowers on 6 to	00	1 10	12 00
8-inch stems. Shade. April, May	60	2 00	15 00

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued				
LATHYRUS maritimus. Beach Pea. Purple blossoms on 3	12	100		
1 to 2-foot vines. Sandy soil. Sun. June\$0 60 LESPEDEZA capitata. Roundhead Bushclover. Yellowish	\$1 75	\$12 00		
white blossoms on 2 to 5-foot stems. Dry, gravelly soil.		10.00		
Sun. July	1 75	12 00		
through which arise many stems, each bearing a single				
white to pink flower 1½ inches across. Most effective in little raised pockets in the rock-garden. May	2 50			
tweedyi. 3 to 5 in. An interesting plant resembling a broad-	_ 30			
leaved cactus with soft salmon-pink blossoms. A full-grown plant has as many as 300 blossoms at one time.				
Unexcelled as a rock-garden plant. Sun. April, May 3 00	10 00			
LIATRIS pycnostachya. Cattail Gayfeather. 3 ft. Deep pink blossoms in August. Sun	1 75	12 00		
scariosa. Button Gayfeather. 2 ft. Pink blossoms in				
August. Sun	1 75	12 00		
August	1 75	12 00		
LINARIA vulgaris. Common Toadflax. 1 ft. Yellow blossoms in July and August. Light, sandy soil 60	1 50	10 00		
LINNÆA americana. Twinflower. Dainty pink flowers in	1 30	10 00		
pairs. Evergreen vine. Shade. July 60	2 00	15 00		
COLLECTION D. County of any blants for all				
COLLECTION D. Ground-cover plants for sh		F1 F0		
12 Asarum canadense. Canada Wild Ginger		1 50		
12 Dalibarda repens. Dalibarda		2 00 1 75		
12 Maianthemum canadense. False Lily-of-the-Valley				
12 Mitchella repens. Partridge-berry		1 75 1 75		
84 Plants				
This Collection for \$10.00, or half the Collection for \$	5.50			

Leaf-Mold Peat

Most of the Wild Flowers and Ferns grow naturally in a soil composed largely of Leaf-Mold. We are offering finely ground, screened Leaf-Mold in 2-bushel bags. Weight 100 lbs. The Leaf-Mold should be mixed with the soil to the depth of several inches. It retains moisture, and also greatly benefits the condition of the soil. 2-bus. bag \$2.00; 5 bags for \$7.50. By express or freight only.

PINE NEEDLES. These are very useful for a mulch around acid-loving plants, such as Trailing Arbutus and Cypripedium acaule. Pine Needles may also be mixed to a depth of several inches in the soil where one is going to plant any of the acid-loving plants, particularly the Cypripedium acaule. These Pine Needles will be partially decomposed, and are ideal for the purpose intended. Price per 2-bus. bag, \$1.00; 10 bags \$5.00. By express or freight only.



Lewisia rediviva (Bitterroot)



Arisæma triphyllum (Jack-in-the-Pulpit) See page 9



Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued LITHOSPERMUM canescens. Hoary Puccoon. 6 to 18 in. 3 Yellow flowers in clusters in May and June. Sun.....\$0 60 \$1 75 LOBELIA cardinalis. Cardinal Flower. Bright scarlet flowers in 6-inch spikes on 2 to 3-foot stalks. Easily naturalized $2 \ 00$ 15 00in the perennial border. Mulch for winter. July and August. 60 syphilitica. Large Blue Lobelia. 1 to 3 ft. Similar to the Cardinal Flower except that the flowers are blue...... 60 2 00 $15 \ 00$ LYCHNIS flos-cuculi. Ragged Robin. 1 to 2 ft. Blue, Pink, or White. Open sun. Moisture. May, June..... 60 1 75 $12\ 00$ LYSIMACHIA nummularia. Moneywort. A very vigorous ground-cover. Yellow flowers. June..... 60 1 75 $12\ 00$ quadrifolia. Whorled Loosestrife. Open sun or partial shade. Yellow flowers in light racemes on 2-foot stems. Moist soil in June and July..... 60 1 75 $12 \ 00$ terrestris. Swampcandle. 2 ft. Spikes of good yellow in sunny bogs and marshes. July, August...... 60 1 75 $12 \ 00$ LYTHRUM salicaria. Purple Loosestrife. Spikes of purple flowers on 2 to 4-foot stems in July and August, in our bogs and along streams..... 60 12 00 1 75 MAIANTHEMUM canadense. False Lily-of-the-Valley. Spikes of white flowers on 4-inch stems, followed by red berries. A good ground-cover for dry woods. May..... 60 1 75 $12\ 00$ MEDEOLA virginica. Cucumber-root. Curious whorled leaves on 1 to 2-foot stems. Greenish yellow flowers followed by blue fruits. May....... 60 12 00 1 75

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLAN	TS, co	ntinued
MENTHA piperita. Brandy Mint. 1 to 3 ft. White. Full sun. 3	12	100
moist soil. July-September	\$1 75 1 75	\$12 00 12 00
MITCHELLA repens. Partridge-berry. One of the best ground-covers for a shady place with its evergreen leaves, pink and white blossoms in June, and its scarlet berries	1 10	12 00
in the fall	1 75	12 00
MITELLA diphylla. Bishopscap. The white flowers appear in May on 1-foot stems. For the shady rock-garden 60	1 75	12 00
MONARDA fistulosa. Wildbergamot. Lavender blossoms on 2 to 4-foot stems in midsummer	1 75	12 00
MONESES uniflora. One-flowered Pyrola. A Pyrola with delightful, single, waxy white flowers on 4-inch stems in June. Shade	2 50	15 00
MYOSOTIS scorpioides. True Forget-me-not. 6 to 18 in.	_ 00	10 00
Blue with yellow eye. A very attractive ground-cover for moist or wet locations. Sun or shade. May–July 60	1 75	12 00
NEPETA cataria. Catnip. 2 ft. Naturalized from Europe 60	1 75	12 00
hederacea. Ground-ivy. A ground-cover for the herb-garden in either sun or shade. Pale blue flowers 60	1 75	12 00
ŒNOTHERA speciosa. Showy Evening Primrose. 1 ft. White, Pink. Full sun. Very attractive. May–July 60	2 00	15 00
OXALIS acetosella. True Woodsorrel. 2 to 6 in. White or Pink. Veined deep pink. Moist shade. Excellent for a ground-cover in the woods or shady, moist rock-garden.		10.00
May-July	1 75 1 75	10 00 12 00
PARNASSIA caroliniana. Grass of Parnassus. White, waxy blossoms on 1-foot stems in August, in open bogs and moist places	1 75	12 00
PEDICULARIS canadensis. Early Woodbetony. A curious, dry-soil plant with gray-green leaves and brown and yellow flowers in June	1 75	12 00
PENTSTEMON grandiflorus. Shell-leaf Pentstemon. 2 to 4 ft.		
Lilac, lavender-blue. Open sun. An excellent variety. May, June	2 50	15 00
Partial shade. Good in the partly shaded border. May– July	1 75	
PHLOX amœna. Amoena Phlox. Low-growing Phlox with	1 7 -	10.00
pink blossoms. May, June	1 75	12 00
the sandy lands of the Middle West. Pale purple. Sun or shade. May, June	2 00	15 00
divaricata. Blue Phlox. Excellent for naturalizing in woods with its lavender-blue flowers on 1-foot stems in May 60	1 75	12 00
divaricata alba. Rare white variety of Divaricata 90 glaberrima. Smooth Phlox. A prairie Phlox that grows	3 50	
1 to 3 feet high, with pink blossoms in July	1 75	12 00
or shade	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
stolonifera. Creeping Phlox. One of the best ground- covers for the dry woods. Large violet flowers in early June 60	2 00	15 00



Shortia galacifolia. See page 21

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
PODOPHYLLUM peltatum. May Apple. White flowers in May on 1-foot stems in the open woods\$		12 175	100 \$12 00
POLEMONIUM reptans. Greek Valerian. Blue. Shade. Good blue for the shady rock-garden or perennial border. April, May	60	2 00	15 00
POLYGALA paucifolia. Fringed Polygala. Dainty rose-purple flower on a 4-inch stem in May. Prefers dry shade	75	2 50	15 00
POLYGONATUM biflorum. Solomonseal. White bells in May along the underside of an arching 1 to 1½-foot spray of leaves, followed by blue berries all summer, in open			
woods	60	1 75	12 00
commutatum. Giant Solomonseal. Grows 3 to 4 feet tall in moist, open fields. May	60	2 00	15 00
POTENTILLA tridentata. Wineleaf Cinquefoil. A wonderful ground-cover for open rocks and gravelly soil. Small, waxy leaves that turn wine-colored in the fall. Rock-	60	9.00	15 00
prince garden plant. June	60	2 00	15 00
12 in. Blue. Sun or shade. Moist or dry locations. Attractive in large masses. May-October	50	1 20	8 00
PYROLA americana. Roundleaf Pyrola. Leathery, light green leaves, with fragrant, waxy white flowers on an			
8-inch stem in July. Shade	60	1 75	12 00
elliptica. Shinleaf. Similar to Pyrola americana but the leaves are not evergreen. July	60	1 75	12 00
RANUNCULUS bulbosus. Bulbous Buttercup. Grows in compact clumps with large yellow flowers on 1-foot stems in June and July	50	1 50	10 00
RUDBECKIA hirta. Black-eyed-susan. 2 ft. Orange-yellow with purple-brown centers. A biennial. July	60	1 75	12 00
SALVIA azurea. Azure Salvia. 2 to 5 ft. Azure-blue. Open sun. Excellent color. Good cut-flower. July-September.	75	2 50	15 00

HADDY NATIVE WILD ELOWEDS A CROSSED COMPA			
HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER I		NTS, co	ntinued
SANGUISORBA canadensis. American Burnet. 4 ft. Tall spikes of creamy white flowers. Grows in wet meadows	3	12	100
and along brooks. August	75	\$2 50	\$15 00
SAPONARIA officinalis. Bouncing-bet. 2 ft. Escaped from			
cultivation. Pink and white flowers. July	60	1 75	12 00
SAXIFRAGA pennsylvanica. Swamp Saxifrage. A rosette of waxy green leaves from which the 2-foot flower-stalk			
grows. Flowers greenish	60	2 00	15 00
virginiensis. Virginia Saxifrage. 6 in. Easily grown rock- plant that likes sun or partial shade. White. April	50	1 50	10.00
SCUTELLARIA integrifolia. Skullcap. 1 to 2 ft. Blue. Sun	50	1 50	10 00
or shade. Snapdragon-like blossoms of good blue. July,			
August	50	1 75	12 00
SENECIO aureus. Golden Ragwort. 12 to 18 in. Golden yellow. Sun or shade. Moist locations. Clusters of bright golden			
yellow blossoms with yellow-green foliage. May-July	50	1 50	10 00
SHORTIA galacifolia. Oconee-bells. 6 in. Evergreen ground-			
cover, with bell-shaped white flowers. Suited for shade. May	00	3 50	25 00
SILENE stellata. Starry Campion. 2 ft. Fringed white flowers	00	9 90	25 00
in July and August	60	2 00	12 00
virginica. Firepink. 1 ft. Brilliant scarlet flowers in June. Sun or partial shade	75	2 50	15 00
SISYRINCHIUM angustifolium. Blue-eyed-Grass. 6 to	• •	- 00	10 00
12 in. Deep violet-blue. Open sun. Very effective in	~ 0	1 50	10.00
large masses. May–July	50	1 50	10 00
flowers in May followed by a cluster of red berries. Sun			
or partial shade	60	1 75	10 00
SOLIDAGO bicolor. Silver-rod. 2 ft. A small white Goldenrod nemoralis. Dwarf Goldenrod. 6 to 18 in. A dwarf type of	60	1 75	12 00
Goldenrod	60	1 75	12 00
sempervirens. Seaside Goldenrod. 2 to 4 ft. Grows in the sand along our beaches and also in salt marshes	60	1 75	12 00
STENANTHIUM robustum. Featherfleece. 3 to 5 ft. White.	00	1 10	12 00
Sun. Moist locations. July-September	75	250	15 00
STREPTOPUS roseus. Twistedstalk. 2 ft. Pink flowers in			
May, followed by scarlet berries in July, on stout twisted stalks. Rich soil in partial shade	75	2 50	15 00
STYLOPHORUM diphyllum. Celandine-poppy. Yellow ter-			
minal flowers on 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -foot stems in May in either sun or shade	60	1 75	12 00
THALICTRUM dioicum. Early Meadowrue. 2 ft. Misty	00	1 70	12 00
purplish flowers in May in rich woods	60	1 75	12 00
polygamum. Tall Meadowrue. 4 to 8 ft. Very showy white flowers in summer. Prefers moist meadows or bogs in sun			
or shade. July, August	60	1 75	12 00
THERMOPSIS caroliniana. Carolina Thermopsis. 4 ft. Clear yellow. Open sun. Cloverlike foliage. Lupine-like			
blossoms of clear canary-yellow. Very good planted with			
delphiniums. June, July	75	2 50	15 00
TIARELLA cordifolia. Foamflower. 6 to 8 in. Fluffy heads of white. Fine for massing in moist partial shade. May	60	1 75	12 00
unifoliata. One-leaf Foamflower. 8 in. White. Shade.			
Moist locations. Clusters of feathery white blossoms. May TRADESCANTIA bracteata. Bracted Spiderwort. 4 to 12 in.	75	2 50	15 00
Pastel orchid. Shade. Good for the shady rock-garden.			
May, June	75	2 50	
Good for the partly shaded border. June-September	60	1 75	12 00



Tiarella cordifolia and Trillium undulatum. See pages 11 and 21

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER I	PLAN	NTS	, con	tinu	ed
Tradescantia virginiana. Spiderwort. 2 ft. Deep blue blossoms	3		12	10	
all summer in the open sun\$0 virginiana nana. Dwarf form of Virginiana. Blue. Shade.	60	\$1	75	\$12	00
Good for the shady rock-garden	60	1	75	12	00
Good for the shady rock-garden	00		10	12	00
flowers in June in the open woods	60	1	75	12	00
UVULARIA grandiflora. Big Merrybells. Largest of the	60		00	10	00
Merrybells, with bright yellow flowers. May perfoliata. Wood Merrybells. Pale yellow flowers on 1-foot	60	2	00	12	00
stems in rich woods in May	60	1	75	12	00
sessilifolia. Little Merrybells. Pale yellow flowers. May	60	1	75	10	00
VACCINIUM vitus-idæa minus. Mountain Cranberry. Rare,					
arctic, low-growing evergreen ground-cover with small, shining leaves and rose-colored blossoms followed by dark					
red berries. An excellent rock-garden plant. Must have					
acid soil. Pot-grown					
VERBENA hastata. Blue Vervain. 3 to 4 ft. Blue flowers on	0.0	-		1.0	0.0
slender spikes along our roadsides and brooks in August VERNONIA altissima. Ironweed. 4 to 6 ft. Deep purple	60	1	75	12	00
flowers in August in moist, open spots	60	1	75	12	00
VERONICA officinalis. Common Speedwell. Creeping plant					
with bright blue flowers along our woodland paths	50	1	50	10	00
virginica. Culvers-root. Long spikes of white flowers on 2 to 3-foot stalks in midsummer, in either sun or shade	75	2	50	15	00
VINCA minor. Common Periwinkle. This blue Myrtle has	10	24	30	10	00
become naturalized and is one of the best low ground-					
covers. March-June	60	1	75	12	00
VIOLA blanda. Sweet White Violet. Tiny sweet white flowers in earliest spring.	50	1	50	10	00
canadensis. Canada Violet. A large Violet growing 1 foot	90		00	10	00
tall in rich woods. Flowers are white with the back of the					
petals tinged with violet-purple. May	60	1	75	12	00
conspersa. Dog Violet. Light lavender Violet of the open fields. May	50	1	50	10	00
neids. Way				10	
COLLECTION E. Plants for the Woodland	Pa	thu	vav		
12 Actæa alba. White Baneberry			~	50	
12 Clintonia borealis. Bluebead		•	. \$2 . 1	50	
12 Dalibarda repens. Dalibarda			. 2	00	
12 Michella repens. Partridge-berry				75	
12 Hepatica triloba. Roundlobe Hepatica		•	. 1	75 75	
12 Mertensia virginica. Virginia Bluebells	• •	•	. 1	50	
12 Sanguinaria canadensis. Bloodroot			. 1	50	
12 Trillium grandiflorum. Snow Trillium			1	50	
108 Plants	orth .	•	. \$15	75	
This Collection for \$12.00 or half the Collection fo	r \$6.	50			

ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS NEW HAMPSHIRE

EXETER WILD FLOWER GARDENS

Please forwar	$d\ by$ vhether wanted by Mail, Express or Freight	Amount Enclose	ed:
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Viola pedata lineariloba (Lilac Birdsfoot Violet)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
Viola cucullata. Blue Marsh Violet. Large blue-violet flowers	3	12	100
on 6-inch stems. May	80 50	\$1 25	\$8 00
fimbriatula. Ovate-leaved Violet. A deep purple, low-			
growing Violet that covers our dry pasture hills. May	50	1 50	10 00
hastata. Halberd-leaved Yellow Violet. A creeping Violet			
common to our southern Appalachians. May	75	$2\ 50$	15 00
lanceolata. Lanceleaf Violet. Sweet white Violet of our			
damp, sandy fields. May	50	1 50	10 00
palmata. Palm Violet. A large-flowering blue Violet some-	0.0	1 77 -	10.00
times tinged with white. May	60	1 75	12 00
pedata bicolor. Two-color Birdsfoot Violet. The best rock-garden Violet. Upper petals dark violet, lower petals			
lavender. Blossoms in May and again in late August and			
September. Requires acid soil. Sun	75	2 50	15 00
pedata lineariloba. Lilac Birdsfoot Violet. Large lavender	, ,		10 00
flowers with bright yellow centers. For the sunny rock-			
garden. Acid soil. May and again in fall. Sun	60	1 75	$12 \ 00$
primulifolia. Primrose-leaved White Violet. A white	0.0		
Violet from the southern mountains. May	60	1 75	12 00
pubescens. Downy Yellow Violet. Tall yellow Violet of the	00	1 ~~~	10.00
rich woods. Blossoms in May	60	1 75	12 00
with deeper violet. Shade. A very good variety	60	1 75	12 00
rotundifolia. Roundleaf Yellow Violet. Tiny yellow flowers	00	1 10	12 00
before the leaves. Large, bright green leaves in summer	60	1 75	12 00
striata. Pale or Striped Violet. 6 to 12 in. Corolla white		_ , ,	
and yellow. Moist, shady locations. April, May	60	1 75	12 00
WALDSTEINIA fraccoricides Dannan Strawbanny 2 in Val			
WALDSTEINIA fragarioides. Barren Strawberry. 3 in. Yellow. Glossy foliage. An excellent ground-cover. May	60	1 75	12 00
10w. Glossy foliage. Ith oxoonent ground cover. May		1 10	12 00
COLLECTION F. Native Violet	S		
12 Viola blanda. Sweet White Violet		\$1	1 50
12 Viola cucullata. Blue Marsh Violet			1 25
12 Viola pedata lineariloba. Lilac Birdsfoot Violet			1 75
12 Viola pedata bicolor. Two-color Birdsfoot Violet			
12 Viola rotundifolia. Roundleaf Yellow Violet			1 75
60 Violets	rth .	\$8	3 75
This Collection for \$7.50 or half the Collection f	or \$4.	.00	



Trillium grandiflorum and Phlox ovata

ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS

Exeter Wild Flower Gardens

EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE